Preface	ix
Goals and Objectives	x
Lesson 1: Introduction	1
1.1 Why study exegesis?	1
1.2 Why study Greek?	2
1.3 Examples of the importance of Greek	
EXERCISE	7
Lesson 2: The Fundamentals of Exegesis	9
2.1 Analysis of the original context	10
2.2 Analysis of the linguistic meaning	12
2.3 Analysis of the biblical and theological implications	12
2.4 Application in the present context	13
EXERCISES	13
Lesson 3: The Greek Alphabet	17
3.1 The Greek alphabet	18
3.2 Transliteration	19
3.3 Accents	20
3.4 General rules of accents	21
3.5 Breathing marks	21
3.6 Punctuation	22
3.7 Other marks	22
3.8 Vocabulary	22
EXERCISES	23
Lesson 4: Tools for Linguistic Analysis	29
4.1 Books	29
4.2 Electronic resources	
EXERCISES	
Lesson 5: Use of the Textual Apparatus	33
5.1 Why we use the textual apparatus	33

5.2 How to use the textual apparatus	34
5.3 Punctuation notes	35
5.4 Parallel passages	35
EXERCISES	36
Lesson 6: Semantics (Part 1): How to Look Up a Word	37
6.1 The use of the dictionary	37
6.2 The use of The Analytical Greek Lexicon	38
6.3 The use of The New Linguistic and Exegetical Key	38
6.4 The use of software to find the root word	39
6.5 Using Logos software dictionaries	39
6.6 English concordances	41
EXERCISES	41
Lesson 7: Semantics (Part 2): How to Do a Complete Word Study	45
7.1 Study of the word in the immediate context	45
7.2 Study of the lexicon	46
7.3 Concordances	46
7.4 The Theological Dictionary of the New Testament (edited by Kittel)	47
7.5 Using BibleWorks software for complete word studies	48
7.6 Using Logos software for complete word studies	48
7.7 Drawing a conclusion	49
EXERCISES	50
Lesson 8: Morphology (Part 1): Nouns and Articles	53
8.1 Vocabulary	53
8.2 Gender and number	54
8.3 The definite article	55
8.4 Proper names	55
8.5 Subject, verb, direct object, and indirect object	56
8.6 Cases	57
8.7 The declension of the article	58
8.8 The declension of some nouns	58
<b>8.9</b> τὸν κόσμον	60
8.10 The predicate nominative	

8.11 Recognizing the forms	61
8.12 Using Logos software to analyze nouns	62
EXERCISES	63
Lesson 9: Morphology (Part 2): Adjectives, Adverbs, Pronouns, and Prepositions	67
9.1 Vocabulary	67
9.2 Adjectives	68
9.3 Adverbs	70
9.4 Pronouns	70
9.5 Prepositions	72
9.6 Adverbial phrases and adjective phrases formed with prepositions	74
9.7 Using Logos software to analyze adjectives, adverbs, pronouns, and prepositions	74
EXERCISES	75
Lesson 10: Morphology (Part 3): Verbs and Tenses	79
10.1 Vocabulary	79
10.2 The verb	80
10.3 Tenses	80
10.4 Irregular verbs	84
10.5 Using Logos software to analyze verbs	85
EXERCISES	86
Lesson 11: Morphology (Part 4): More about Verbs	89
11.1 Vocabulary	89
11.2 Verb voices	89
11.3 Deponent verbs	91
11.4 Verb moods	91
11.5 How to identify the mood	92
11.6 The complete conjugation of λύω	93
11.7 The meaning of the aorist tense	93
11.8 Morphology of the verbs in John 3:16	95
11.9 Conjunctions	96
EXERCISES	97
Lesson 12: Syntax and Conjunctions	99

12.1 Conjunctions and complex syntax	99
12.2 Syntax of complex sentences	100
	101
	104
	104
EXERCISES	105
Lesson 13: Analysis of the Biblical and Theological Implications	107
13.1 Summary of the main message of the text	107
13.2 Biblical and theological interpretation	107
EXERCISES	108
Lesson 14: Application to the Present Context	
14.1 Reflections about the present context	109
14.2 Practical applications	110
EXERCISES	110
Lesson 15: The Written Exegesis Report	111
15.1 The outline	111
15.2 The introduction	111
15.3 The body	111
15.4 The conclusion	112
15.5 Form	112
15.6 The final revision	112
EXERCISE	112
Lesson 16: Greek: Review	113
Answers to Exercises	115
Appendix	
Index	130